## M2C3 Project

## Pizza Party Task Student Work

This file includes two grade three solutions and two grade 5 solutions to the pizza party task. Students used whole number arithmetic to determine how many boxes of pizza to buy for the party.

## Factors that Students Considered

- How many pieces in one box of pizza?
- How many people would be eating pizza?
- How many slices would they eat?


## Connections to Students' Experiences

- Students have eaten pizza with family and friends.
- Students know that boxes of pizza may come with different amounts of pizza.


Students assumed there were four classes of 25 students each eating pizza. They state $4 \times 25=\mathrm{N}$ and under "What we Know" they show $4 \times 25=100$. It appears that each box of pizza has 16 slices and students used repeated addition on a number line to determine the number of slices of pizza they would have if each class gets two boxes. One common misconception seen here occurs when using the number line for repeated addition. The students start at 16, not 0 . They do make a few errors when adding 16 and it is not clear how they determined left overs.


## $34 \times 3=50$



Students in this grade 3 class were allowed to bring 2 additional people to the party. Thus a class of 24 students could have as many as $24 \times 3=52$ people eating pizza. They found by drawing the pizza's that 3 pizzas with 8 slices each would give 24 slices. They wanted everyone to be able to have two slices each. Their explanation "So how we did this is we took the three pizzas and multiplied them by 6 and got 18 boxes of pizzas, then that would give each person 2 pieces of pizza." is difficult to follow because it is not clear where the " 6 " came from. It appears that they are multiplying each pizza by 6 in their drawing. $6 \times 8=48$ pieces. This could provide a hint into their thinking.


## Grade 5

This grade five group used addition and subtraction to determine the number of boxes of pizza to order for the party. They wanted to give 19 students two slices of pizza each. Thus they would need 38 slices. They found that 3 boxes of pizza would provide 24 slices, so they doubled that amount and found 6 boxes would provide 48 slices. 6 boxes would allow them to meet their goal of two slices each with 10 slices left over. They did not notice that the 10 slices left over was more than one box of pizza.


## Grade 5

This $5^{\text {th }}$ grade solution clearly shows that for two classes totaling 39 students, they would need 5 boxes of pizza made up of 8 slices each. The students would get one slice of pizza and the teachers and TA's would "not get a slice". There would be on slice left over.

